NAPERVILLE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Naperville Fire Protection District Naperville, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Naperville Fire Protection District as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Naperville Fire Protection District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Naperville Fire Protection District as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Naperville Fire Protection District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Naperville Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance

Independent Auditor's Report

and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individual or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Naperville Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Naperville Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we have identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

ATA Group, LLP

November 2, 2023

NAPERVILLE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

APRIL 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND	ADJUSTMENTS (Note 6)	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 628,780	\$ -	\$ 628,780
Property Taxes Receivable, net	1,334,405	-	1,334,405
Grant Receivable	30,427	-	30,427
Prepaid Insurance	4,143	-	4,143
Total Assets	1,997,755		1,997,755
LIABILITIES			
Disbursements Payable	313,528	-	313,528
Accounts Payable	799		799
Total Liabilities	314,327	-	314,327
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Property Taxes	1,334,405		1,334,405
Total Liabilities and Deferred			
Inflows of Resources	1,648,732		1,648,732
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION Fund Balance			
Unassigned	349,023	(349,023)	
Total Fund Balance	349,023	(349,023)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$ 1,997,755		
Net Position			
Unrestricted		349,023	349,023
Total Net Position		\$ 349,023	\$ 349,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NAPERVILLE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND						
	BUDGET -			,			
	ORIGINAL				IMENTS		ATEMENT
DEVENTING	AND FINAL	A	CTUAL	. <u>(No</u>	te 6)	<u>OF A</u>	ACTIVITIES
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 1,270,865	\$	1,274,234	\$	-	\$	1,274,234
Illinois Replacement Tax	91,100		174,903		-		174,903
Other Revenues	69,450		68,813		-		68,813
Interest Income	45		276				276
Total Revenues	1,431,460		1,518,226				1,518,226
EXPENDITURES / EXPENSES							
Disbursements to Naperville	1,673,492		1,474,284		-		1,474,284
Accounting and Audit Fees	22,000		13,900		-		13,900
Legal Fees	17,600		19,822		-		19,822
Insurance Expense	3,850		5,904		-		5,904
Trustee Fees	4,125		3,438		-		3,438
Publication Expense	3,300		866		-		866
Office Expense	2,970		12		<u> </u>		12
Total Expenditures / Expenses	1,727,337		1,518,226				1,518,226
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (295,877)		-		-		-
Change in Net Position			-		-		-
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION							
Beginning of Year			349,023		-		349,023
End of Year		\$	349,023	\$		\$	349,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Naperville Fire Protection District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

The Naperville Fire Protection District is a governmental body incorporated by the State of Illinois to provide fire protection and ambulance services to citizens of an area located in unincorporated DuPage and Will Counties and not within the corporate limits of any municipality. These areas are agreed upon by the District and the City of Naperville (the City) and are identified as a Territory Map. In March of each year the City and the District review municipal annexations with appropriate municipalities and updates this Territory Map.

The District receives tax allocations from DuPage and Will counties and after providing for the payment of allowed expenses, disburses the remaining amounts to the City per a contract agreed by both parties. The City of Naperville provides fire protection and ambulance services for all the District. The contract with the City is on a 20-year agreement effective May 1st, 2016 and has three 10-year renewal options thereafter. In addition, the District and the City have had a long standing relationship going as far back as December of 1996.

A. Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity includes all entities for which the District exercised oversight responsibility as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The District has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the District (1) selects the governing authority or management, (2) has the ability to significantly influence operations, or (3) has accountability for fiscal matters (e.g., final budget approval, responsibility for funding deficits, management of assets, etc.). Using these criteria, the District has not included in its financial statements the activities of any other entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide and fund financial statements are combined, with a reconciliation shown between them. The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual and Statement of Activities combines information about the reporting government as a whole and funds statements to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The only fund of the District is the general fund, which is a major fund. The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fund financial statements (the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual) are prepared using the current financial measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Since much of the 2022 tax levy is received well after year-end, the District considers the (2022) tax levy as applicable to the following year. Therefore, the revenue for the entire tax levy is deferred and treated as deferred inflows of resources.

The District reports deferred inflows of resources on its balance sheet and statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflows of resources are removed from the balance sheet and statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and in accordance with the District's policy and procedure. Unencumbered budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

E. Cash

Cash includes amounts in a demand deposit account and a money market account. Illinois Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest in securities guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, the State Treasurer's investment pool

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(authorized by ICLS 30, 235-2, e), and other permitted investments under paragraph 902, chapter 85 of the Statutes as amended by Public Act 86-426. Investments may only be made in banks which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

F. Fund Equity

The District follows GASB statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The district only has unassigned amounts in the fund balance. Unassigned fund balance amounts are amounts that are available for any purpose.

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District follows GASB Statement 65 which pertains to classification of certain items previously reported as assets and liabilities. The District has only one type of item, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, deferred property taxes. Deferred property taxes do not fit the definition of a liability, that is, the use of resources to satisfy an obligation. Rather deferred property taxes represent a future recognition of revenue, therefore are classified as deferred inflows of resources.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as restricted and unrestricted.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, law or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has no restricted net position.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Note 2: Deposits

At April 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and the bank balances were \$628,780. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) and the remaining \$378,780 was collateralized with a letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati with the District as the beneficiary to cover deposits in excess of the FDIC limit of \$250,000 up to \$2,000,000.

Note 3: Property Taxes

The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable property located in the District. The District submits a real estate tax levy to Will and DuPage counties in December of each year. The counties then extend the taxes in the spring of the following year and the taxes are received by the District around June and around September. Property taxes for 2022 attached as an enforceable lien on property within the District as of January 1, 2022. The 2022 property tax levy is recorded as Property Taxes Receivable at April 30, 2023. Both 2022 installments paid to the District will be used for year ending April 30, 2024 operations and are reflected as Deferred Property Tax Revenue at April 30, 2023. Property tax revenue consists primarily of tax receipts from the 2021 tax levies.

Note 4: Other Revenues

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The District recorded Other Revenues of \$68,813. These revenues comprised of two sources:

Other Revenues		
Illinois Municipal League - Foreign Fire Tax Payment	\$	38,386
American Rescue Plan - Grant Award		30,427
Total Other Revenues	<u>\$</u>	68,813

The Illinois Municipal League (IML) collects Foreign Fire Insurance Tax from more than 450 insurance companies outside of Illinois on behalf of fire protection entities enrolled in the Illinois Foreign Fire Insurance Tax program. The amount collected represents the portion paid by these insurance companies disbursed to the District.

Note 4: Other Revenues (Continued)

The American Rescue Plan offered qualifying governmental organizations grants to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency and the negative impacts. The District was awarded this one-time grant. Grant proceeds were received subsequent to June 30, 2023 and are reflected as a Grant Receivable.

Note 5: Disbursements Payable

Per the District's contract with the City of Naperville, the difference of District revenue less District expenses is to be remitted to the City of Naperville. Revenue is described as real estate tax levies, investment interest and payments from the state of Illinois. District expenses include trustee fees, insurance, accounting, legal, dues, postage, office supplies, and publication as well as any other miscellaneous expenses not to exceed \$1,500 a year. The amount due to the City of Naperville at the end of the fiscal year is shown as Disbursements Payable.

Note 6: Adjustments

There were no adjustments to reconcile the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements. The amounts in the adjustments columns simply change the terminology from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Note 7: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and errors and omissions for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settlements did not exceed coverage during the year.